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The Chester News September 6, 1921

W. W. Pegram

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VERDICT FOLLOWS AFTER NIGHT DEBATE

Tom Harrison Found Guilty of Man-slaughter. Counsel for Greenville Man to Appeal to Higher Court if Greenville is Denied.

Greenville, Aug. 31.—Tom Harrison, who went on trial in the court of criminal sessions here Monday on the charge of murder for shooting his wife, Mrs. Gertrude Harrison, was found guilty of manslaughter today by a jury that deliberated for 18 hours and ten minutes before reaching a verdict. Harrison's attorneys immediately gave notice of a motion for a new trial. No time was set for the hearing by Judge Memminger, but it will be held some time this week. The penalty provided under the verdict is imprisonment in the state penitentiary, or on the chain gang, for a period of from two to 30 years. If Harrison receives a sentence over ten years under the law he will be held without bond and will have to await the hearing of his appeal to the supreme court behind the bars of the county jail.

Harrison received the verdict with a pale face and a look of despair when it was read to the court. He later regained his composure and seemed calm and unaffected. He had spent most of the night in the courtroom awaiting the verdict and did not retire to the county jail until 4 o'clock this morning after every evidence was given that the case would result in a trial.

Harrison's case went to the jury at 6:37 o'clock yesterday afternoon. It became evident early that a long struggle was ahead of the jury. The foreman called for supper after two hours of deliberation. Judge Memminger was notified about midnight that the jury would not agree, but he instructed the foreman to continue deliberation. The foreman notified a deputy after 2 o'clock that agreement was impossible but, the deputy informed him that the judge's instructions were to continue deliberation until a verdict was reached. Five minutes after court convened this morning the jury filed into the jury box and the foreman reported that no agreement had been reached, whereupon he was asked if a point of law or a point of fact and when the foreman replied that it was a point of fact Judge Memminger proceeded to deliver a second charge in which he again went over the principal points of law involved in the case. He informed the jury by way of parenthesis that he had held a jury in a case in Greenville over five or six nights before he reached a verdict. The jury went back to the jury room and reported with a verdict at 11:47 o'clock.

Harrison shot his wife on the night of December 10, last, in their home on east Washington street. He claimed to have shot her accidentally in a fight that he had with "Mack" Young, former Thirtieth division soldier, who was shot four times by Harrison. Harrison claimed that he found Young attempting to strangle Mrs. Harrison in a bed room on the second floor and that when he later entered Young started for him, whereupon Harrison said that he pulled his pistol and fired at him, one of the bullets striking Young and one of them hitting Mrs. Harrison.

Young, who recovered, testified that he had gone up to the second floor, adding, "the bed room to 'freshen up' and that while waiting in the bed room to go to the bath room, Mrs. Harrison came in and informed him that Mrs. Young, his wife, was sick in the bath room. It was just then that Harrison came to the door and began firing, Young testified.

PRISONER TAKEN
BY BRAVE WOMAN

Man Marched at Point of Pistol by Spartanburg Householder to Police.

Spartanburg, Sept. 2.—Today at 2:30 o'clock, Mrs. M. C. Colburn, who resides at 224 Main and Converse streets found a white man in her house. She procured a revolver and forced the man to march before her down the street to the traffic officer on Main and Liberty streets and turned him over to the officers of the law. The man gave his name as Ben Kelley of Coburn, Va., and his age as 19 years. He has in his possession a \$10 bill issued by the Central National bank, and a number of past keys, trunk and suit keys. He said that he came from Spartanburg today and that he had been sent into the house to steal some money to get home on. He was locked up and will answer tomorrow morning to the charge of house-breaking. Mrs. Colburn is receiving the congratulations of the police department upon her nerve and presence of mind.

FOREIGN INSECTS INVAD- ING SOUTH CAROLINA

Mexican Bean Beetle and Velvet Bean Caterpillar May Do Great Damage.

Clemson College, Sept. 1.—Two foreign insect pests which are likely to do much damage to crops in the south, says Prof. A. F. Conrad, entomologist; namely, the Mexican bean beetle, which has already reached this state, and the velvet bean caterpillar, which is rapidly working its way upward from Florida and southern Georgia.

The Mexican bean beetle has been reported by Government scouts at two points in the northwestern corner of this state; viz., Long Creek and a point near Beasley. The spread of this pest has been so rapid that it will be spring and summer that it will be spreading over much more territory before being stopped by winter. It is an especially destructive pest on all kinds of beans in the garden and to cowpeas. The grubs, which do the principal feeding, are one-fourth to three-eighths of an inch long, of a bright yellow color, and covered with lines which are branched and colored black at the tips.

The velvet bean caterpillar has been reported by the Florida entomologist to be spreading in central and northern Florida. It is believed that this pest may be expected in southern Georgia in early September, and may reach South Carolina by the middle of September. Throughout Florida this insect is most serious pest to velvet beans. This caterpillar when full grown is nearly two inches long. After it is half grown it is wider than it is long, and the back and sides are marked with prominent white curved lines with darker borders running lengthwise on the body. Many are pale green with lines along the side of the body, and some are brown. It is often pink or brown. If disturbed it throws itself violently until it reaches the ground.

Prof. Conrad urges that the occurrence of any suspicious insects be reported to the entomology division, Clemson College, S. C., so that steps may be taken to control the pests.

TEXTILE WORKERS GO BACK TO JOBS

Abandon Collective Bargaining Idea. Employees in Dues Plan Vote to Seek Places Individually.

Concord, N. C., Sept. 4.—Approximately 4,500 mill operatives in this county went back to work today after five nights before they reached a verdict. The jury went back to the jury room and reported with a verdict at 11:47 o'clock.

Harrison shot his wife on the night of December 10, last, in their home on east Washington street. He claimed to have shot her accidentally in a fight that he had with "Mack" Young, former Thirtieth division soldier, who was shot four times by Harrison. Harrison claimed that he found Young attempting to strangle Mrs. Harrison in a bed room on the second floor and that when he later entered Young started for him, whereupon Harrison said that he pulled his pistol and fired at him, one of the bullets striking Young and one of them hitting Mrs. Harrison.

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Who's Your Friend?

Baron Rothschild, the famous Parisian Banker, in refusing a loan to a friend, said: "I won't lend you the money, but I will let you walk arm in arm with me across the floor of the stock exchange. That will get you all the credit you need."

And it did.

Association is everything in life.

If your advertisement appears in the advertising columns of The News you possess the unlimited confidence of every reader of that paper.

If you want to reach the cream of the investing public you should advertise in

THE CHESTER NEWS

death roll for the three days of rioting to 10. There probably have been 400 persons more or less seriously injured, of whom a number were non-combatants who luckily had ventured into the streets which were being swept by rifle and revolver fire.

With some quiet intervals resulting from the police pulling snipers to fight, shooting persisted at various sections of the city from early morning until late this evening. Some times it became so dangerous as to necessitate the suspension of the laundry service. Many workers were unable to reach their places of employment and returned to their homes while shopkeepers did not dare to open their stores. In some of the disturbed districts, manufacturers were compelled to close for the day, while owing to the failure to open the shops the streets presented a deserted appearance.

DEATH FOLLOWS
WHIPPING ON GANG

Spartanburg Guards Under Charges. Flogging Given to Convict Who Claimed to Be Unwell and Unable to Work.

Spartanburg, Sept. 2.—Tom Hatcher and Lee Porter, guards on the white charging operated by the county highway commission, were whipped over last night by a coroner's jury holding an inquest into the causes of the death of Thomas H. Keelan, who died at the camp Wednesday after being severely whipped by the guards. They gave bond in the sum of \$2,000 each, and have been released.

Keelan was arrested last Friday for holding and was sentenced to serve 30 days for his offense. He was asked if his people would pay a fine for him, and he is alleged to have said that his people needed the money worse than he did, and took the 30 days.

Wednesday morning he was unwell, vomiting, and showing evidence of being sick, but the guards insisted on his working, and when he could not perform the duties imposed upon him he was severely whipped. After he got down and was taken to the shade of a tree it is alleged that Hatcher kicked him and threw a bucket of water over his head.

The physician who held the autopsy said that there was no organic trouble, that his heart, spine, and brain were normal, and that the death was not due to any organic trouble. He also stated that he did not think the beating alone would have produced death, but that the man became ill and getting the flogging he did made it possible for him to be overcome by heat.

The jury recommended that the men be put in the stocks for 10 days, and that the coroner be fined \$100 for neglecting to guard the prisoners. There is considerable feeling in the vicinity where the camp is located, near Glenn Springs, over the occurrence.

NEW ACT IS TO
HELP BUSINESS

Rise of Cotton Only One Reason for Change. Financial Cooperation Between Banks and Growers Helps Speed Better Times.

Washington, Sept. 4.—Restoration of confidence in every line of business in North Carolina and other southern states is already evident here following passage of the act to encourage the cooperation of agricultural products.

The war finance corporation has just announced one thousand banks have been given credits for a million dollars. An application of a North Carolina tobacco dealer to export \$50,000 worth of North Carolina cotton has been approved recently.

Cotton has risen in price in three weeks from nine to 17 cents and it is not expected to go down any further. The short crop has had something to do with this, but a highly important element in the offering of unliquidated financial facilities in connection with the orderly marketing of crops. All this has injected an element of confidence into the situation which has had an important influence in the rise in price.

The corporation is now working on plans to extend the financial cooperation to both state and national banks whether part of the federal reserve system or not to enable the agricultural products to be orderly marketed. The bill recently passed by Congress will enable the cooperative associations and other dealers in cotton, tobacco or other farm products to borrow money on the security of the products until they can be exported.

A great many loans have already been made under that part of the act, and applications for large amounts in addition have been approved in Mississippi, Oklahoma, Texas and California.

Under section 24 of the new act, loans can be made to banks, bankers, trust companies as well as to the cooperative associations having financial resources. The loans are for one year with a privilege of renewal for three years, regulations and plans for carrying out that part of the act will be made public in a few days.

BELFAST FEELS
REIGN OF TERROR

Germans and Soldiers Active During Day.

Belfast, Aug. 31.—Although the truce between the discordant factions is being completely observed throughout the remainder of Ireland, Belfast again today experienced another period of terror from gunmen and snipers. As a result the streets of the city were deserted by six o'clock and 100 persons were injured, many seriously.

Today's casualties bring the total

WAR PROFITEERS MAY ESCAPE TRIAL

Statute of Limitations Said to bar Proceedings Against Some.

Washington, Sept. 2.—Criminal prosecution of several war profiteers in the case of the federal government may be barred by the statute of limitations, it was said today at the department of justice. The federal criminal statute, which was passed in 1918, provided that the government must bring an indictment within three years after the commission of an overt act in the case of a conspiracy to defraud the government and many of the war contracts were completed before the armistice on November 11, 1918.

As part of the department's investigation of all government war contracts for evidence of "unfair dealing," officials said, each case is being carefully examined in the light of the statute of limitations. If a contract was completed more than three years ago, under the law, there would be no bar to prosecution, if the evidence was found to warrant it.

To remedy the situation generally, officials said, congress has been asked to extend the limit of the federal statute to six years. Col. G. D. Gaff, assistant to the attorney general, is in charge of all such prosecutions.

The federal statute, however, it was said, applies only to criminal cases and does not affect civil suits for recovery by the government. In these cases, it was explained, are governed by the different state statutes, which generally put the limitation at about six years.

TWO NEW LIVESTOCK SPECIALISTS SECURED

Clemson College, Sept. 2.—Director W. W. Long announces the appointment of two new livestock specialists for the Extension Service, both of whom will give attention to swine work. The new men are Seth D. Sims and David T. Herrman.

Mrs. Sims is a graduate of Purdue University, where he had special training in livestock work, and has recently been manager of a livestock farm in Indiana. For several years he has been carrying on the swine work.

Mrs. Herrman is a graduate of Ohio State University, and has had special training in livestock work. He will be stationed at Aiken and will serve the southwestern part of the state, which includes the district in charge of District Agent W. S. Johnston.

With the addition of these two new swine specialists, the work of developing the swine industry in this state can be carried on with increased facility.

A THOUGHT FOR LABOR DAY

Labor Day observance will be given throughout the Nation, Monday, September 5, the day after the time when labor yet has much to be thankful for, and in this particular locality there is reason to call for renewed attention to the festive day.

A great deal of time and money has been wasted to no purpose and entire communities have felt the pinch of the economic depression. The country has exerted a baleful influence that has made itself felt among all classes of people; it has acted as a brake on the progress of prosperity, and what is worse, it has engendered feelings of antagonism between employers and employees.

It was perhaps the first strike in the history of the country that did not have at one time or another some degree of public sympathy. It was doomed to failure from its first day by the sympathy of the public; and the sympathy was wanting because the public recognized the strike as one which was not founded on principle.

The sympathy was largely for the aim of outside agitators to punish the mill owners. At the time it was engineered conditions were not of a character to justify an increase in wages nor were the prospects encouraging, but during the long drawn out reign of terror conditions have been on the mend, and it is a fair prospect that the workmen recently returned to active employment will find in the time they have enjoyed the rewards of better times, for rewards of the kind have never been withheld by the mill managements in times past.

The established conditions of the people who work for them. It is very likely to have emphasis at the first opportunity that the workers make their workers feel that the long existing conscience in the fairness of their employers has not been lost and it is likely to be misplaced.

It is a good possibility that the

VILL INVESTIGATE ROAD CONDITIONS

State highway department officials are preparing to make an economical survey of South Carolina to see the exact condition of all roads in the state system, which is needed to put the roads in good condition.

The investigation will include every county in the state and will take in all the roads and bridges now on the system and in addition this will get information as to new roads and bridges needed. An accurate knowledge of the exact condition of the state system is wanted and the survey is to be made to get this information.

Several aims are in view by the department, among these being to ascertain the length and the various highways included in the different counties, to find out the traffic in any or relative volume of traffic in the different roads, to make arrangements are needed to accommodate this traffic and to get a rough approximate estimate of the cost necessary to make the improvements needed.

From the survey it is hoped to prepare a map giving the exact conditions of the roads and other valuable data on highways. This map would be of considerable value to the various counties, the legislature and to the highway department.

SMOKING TOO MUCH.

By Dr. R. H. Bishop.

Whether tobacco will cause your death depends on how much you smoke and how much you can stand of it.

There are some men who have smoked incessantly all their lives and are living proof, they say, that tobacco cannot harm anyone.

Science is agreed that the excessive use of tobacco is one of the causes for early old age, hardening of the arteries, loss of sight in youth, smokers are more liable to suffer from tuberculosis and lung cancer than those who do not smoke.

When smoking begins to show harmful effects, it first disturbs the stomach, then the throat and finally the lungs.

There has always been a great argument over the good points and bad points in smoking. There is no doubt that tobacco is a stimulant, high-strung people, smoking is a steadier and a comforter, but to these it is also a sly, slowly creeping poison. It is a slow poison, and it is a slow poison.

Many men are able to stand the results of tobacco and die without ever being harmed by excessive smoking, but they, too, are in a class by themselves.

The only way to be on the safe side is to smoke moderately if you have been in the habit of using the "weed" a great deal.

Many people try to stop smoking suddenly, but the effects on their constitution and their pocketbook, but they cannot—so they say.

It is merely a matter of making up the mind and carrying out the good resolution. If you really wish to break the habit, exclude meat, fish, fowl and eggs from your diet for a period of at least three weeks.

Eat plenty of fresh fruits, apples and oranges. It will help a lot to have some good candy handy when you feel the desire to smoke, and as much as possible to do from work or at night after dinner. If this is impossible then take some exercise or gymnastics night and morning, until you are a little tired.

A mouthwash and gargle at night and morning with a solution of nitrate of silver, 30 grains in a pint of distilled water, will relieve any desire to smoke.

Smoking will do little or no harm to those who, merely practice moderation.

It may be said of tobacco, however, that "what is one man's meat is another's poison." Some may say it without any appreciable effect while others cannot use it at all.

It is going to work out in manner that will prove all the better for both operatives and managers in the local textile industry. It may not be long until the public hearing of developments will be closed, and friendly and understanding.

ever between mill men and mill boys, for the spirit of resentment which was naturally created on both sides, is even now practically dissipated. Hence the day when they will shake hands all around and the unfortunate differences of the past are forgotten.—Charlotte Observer.

It is a good possibility that the

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Ford

THE UNIVERSAL CAR

REDUCTION IN PRICES

The Ford Motor Company announces the following reduced prices on their cars and trucks effective immediately, delivered at Chester, S.C.:

Touring Car without starter	\$431.37
Roadster without starter	400.13
Touring Car, self-starter	504.26
Runabout, self-starter	473.02
Coupe, self-starter, demountable rims	681.27
Sedan, self-starter, demountable rims	748.96
Ton Truck Chassis, pneumatic tires	527.74

REILLEY-WILLIAMS MOTOR COMPANY

Authorized Dealers

Columbia St.

:-

Chester, S. C.

FRENCH COMMERCE FAST RETURNING TO NORMAL

Paris, Sept. 2.—Steadily, France's production, as revealed in her exports, is climbing back to the pre-war level.

Customs figures for the first six months of 1921 show a total exports of \$2,255,853 tons, as compared with 10,050,486 during the same period in 1913 and 5,532,481 during the first half of last year.

Imports decreased by \$6,073,334 during the last twelve months, dropping below the figure of 1913.

In the industrial regions the return to pre-war production is being rushed. New factories are being built upon the ruins of the old, and new machinery installed in the buildings left standing at the armistice. In Lille, for instance, nearly all the factories have now resumed operations.

Gradually smoking stacks and new brick buildings are becoming more and more numerous up and down the old battle line.

Does Old Smoke, Other Remedies Won't Cure. The worst cases, no matter how long standing, are cured by the powerful, old reliable Dr. Porter's Anticough, Healing Oil. It cures Croup, Asthma, Whooping Cough, etc. 25c. 50c. \$1.00.

WRIGLEY'S



For rosy cheeks, happy smiles, white teeth, good appetites and digestions.

Its benefits are as GREAT as its cost is SMALL!

It satisfies the desire for sweets, and is beneficial, too.

Sealed Tight Kept Right



The Flavor Lasts. A12

THE CHESTER MURDERER.

By Frank Crane.

There are cheerful murderers. Just as there are cranky, gloomy and disagreeable persons. Unfortunately the graces do not follow the virtues, always.

It is a pity that beautiful women are not all good, and the ugly ones all bad, so that a man could tell.

But "quite the contrary," as the Frenchman said who had been terribly scared and was asked by a fellow passenger if he had breakfasted.

As a matter of fact, grace, charm, and loveliness have no normal contents and whether they be good or evil depends on what is behind them.

And what we ought to get out from the fact is not that vice ought to be exposed and made ugly—but rather that goodness should be made plain, which is entirely practicable.

If the Puritan, instead of suspecting all joy, would learn to put it on, he would be more rational.

If the respectable members of the Ladies' Aid society of the Second Presbyterian church, instead of arguing that the beautiful lady who had just come to town must be a bad woman because she dresses in good taste and has expensive lingerie, would themselves try to improve their appearance and render themselves more charming, they perhaps might help along the cause of the Lord more.

There is a murderer in France by the name of Landru. He was a sort of Blue Beard and seemed to have committed his crimes right and left.

The correspondent for one of the Paris papers told of visiting him in his prison at Versailles. The correspondent was surprised to find that, instead of a fierce-looking monster, he was one of the most agreeable persons in the place. He was much more pleasant than the ordinary chicken thieves and porch climbers.

He was well dressed, soft spoken, and good natured.

In his cell he devoted himself to meditation and to reading. What his meditations were you can only imagine, but they do not seem to have disturbed his equilibrium to any extent.

Although he had no money, and was subject to the strict regime of a convict, he had accommodated himself very well to the order under which he served. His health was flourishing and his spirits were lively.

According to his jailer, Landru

was the most courteous, polite, pleasant spoken of all the prisoners in the house.

Whenever a guard visited his cell he never failed to accompany him to the door, inquire as to his health, and wish him all goodspeed.

While all Paris was sweltering in the summer heat Landru was enjoying himself in his nice cool cell.

At the same time many an honest and godly washwoman was breaking her back over the tub and mangle, a shifty and hard working laborer was getting rheumatism digging in the ditch.

All of which goes to show, that any attempt to construct a moral system in which the rewards and punishments are distributed according to the customs of this earthy life is not very accurate.

The wicked continue to wax fat and kick at the present time quite

as much as they did in the days of the Hebrew prophets, and the cry of the righteous goes up forever: "O Lord, how long?"

MORE AUTOS THAN FARMS.

Census Shows Total of 192,693 Farms to South Carolina.

On the 30,700 farms in South Carolina which made reports to the United States census bureau, regarding their much investments in vehicles, a total of 32,812 automobiles was reported, which is more than a car to the farm. There are in this state 121,090 farms.

To the census bureau 1,609 farms in South Carolina reported the use of motor trucks, and these farms use 1,736 trucks. The use of tractors was reported by 1,213 farms and they use 1,304 tractors.

A total of 10,648 farms in South

Carolina report the use of telephones, which at 9.7 per cent for all the farms in the state.

In South Carolina, according to the census figures, there are 3,443 farms with water piped into the house, and there are 5,170 farms using gas or electric lights.

Farms in South Carolina do not use automobiles to the extent that these vehicles are used on farms in other states. It would appear from the census reports, these show that throughout the nation 90.7 per cent of the farms use motor cars while in South Carolina the percentage is only 15.9. Two per cent of American farms use them. Taken the country over 38.9 per cent of the farms have telephones, though in the Palmetto state the percentage is only 5.7.

What One Woman Did You Can Do

This woman deliberately fired her cook, bought an electric range and figured that she saved at the very least \$35.65 a month as follows:

Wages of servant: \$5.00 per week	\$22.50
Board of servant: 90 meals at 10 cents each	9.00
Waste of servant: estimated 5 cents each meal	4.50
Totes by servant: (food carried away) estimated at 5 cents per meal	4.50
Total	\$40.50
Electricity used, average each month	4.95
Dollars and cents actually saved	\$35.55
Dollars and cents actually saved in the kitchen in 1 year	\$426.60

The Electric Range Cost Less than \$175.00

This same woman bought a washing machine and saves:

Washing and ironing of clothes by servant, \$2.50 per week	\$11.25
Towels, pillow cases, table napkins formerly sent to the laundry	2.16
Total	\$13.41
Cost of electricity for washing and ironing	1.00
Dollars and cents actually saved per month	\$12.41
Dollars and cents actually saved in the laundry in one year	\$148.92

The Electric Washing Machine Cost \$125.00

Phone 50 for Further Information

Southern Public Utilities Co.

We do it in Chester

Mr. Merchant and others who use printing of any kind, there is no use of your sending printing to Spartanburg, Baltimore, New York and Louisville when it can be done in Chester.

Seventy-three per cent of the Job Printing done by the Chester News during the month of July has been sent us by customers out of Chester, some of them being rated in Bradstreet's at a million and a half dollars. If The Chester News is in position to handle printing for Million Dollar concerns it is in position to handle yours too.

Every dollar a Chester merchant spends with The Chester News remains in Chester.

If it's Printing See us!

THE CHESTER NEWS

THE NEWS, ONLY \$2.00 a Year

Colds & Headache

"For years we have used Black-Draught in our family, and I have never found any medicine that could take its place," writes Mr. H. A. Stacy, of Bradyville, Tenn. Mr. Stacy, who is a Rutherford County farmer, recommends Black-Draught as a medicine that should be kept in every household for use in the prompt treatment of many little ills to prevent them from developing into serious troubles.

THEDFORD'S BLACK-DRAUGHT

"It touches the liver and does the work," Mr. Stacy declared. "It is one of the best medicines I ever saw for a cold and headache. I don't know what we would do in our family if it wasn't for Black-Draught. It has saved us many dollars. I don't see how any family can hardly go without it. I know it is a reliable and splendid medicine to keep in the house. I recommend Black-Draught highly and am never without it."

At all drugists.

Accept No Imitations

Summer Excursion Fares Announced by Southern Railway System to Numerous Mountain and Seashore Resorts.

Tickets on sale May 15th, September 30th, with final return limit, October 31st, allowing stop-over privileges.

Following fares applying from Chester:	
Ashville, N. C.	\$9.72
Black Mountain, N. C.	\$8.93
Brevard, N. C.	\$9.72
Hendersonville, N. C.	\$8.24
Hot Springs, N. C.	\$11.02
Lake Toxaway, N. C.	\$12.15
Ridge Creek, N. C.	\$8.79
Saluda, N. C.	\$7.49
Waynesville, N. C.	\$11.60
Isle of Palms, S. C.	\$13.17
Walhalla, S. C.	\$10.23

Plus 8 per cent War Tax

Fares to other points, schedules and other information on application to ticket agents.

S. H. McLEAN,
District Passenger Agent,
Columbia, S. C.